	Skills and knowledge	e progression – Learning for Life
r and St Paul Catholic School	National Curriculum Aims and purpose Learning for life at our school, which incudes Personal, Social, Health and Economic (PSHE) education gives pupils the knowledge, skills, and attributes they need to keep themselves healthy and safe and to prepare them for life in modern Britain. It contributes to personal development by helping pupils to build their confidence, resilience and self-esteem, and to identify and manage risk, make informed choices and understand what influences their decisions Developing an understanding of themselves, empathy and the ability to work with others will help pupils to form and maintain good relationships, develop the essential skills for future employability and better enjoy and manage their lives. Aims • Secure accurate and relevant knowledge, and have opportunities to turn that knowledge into personal understanding • Have opportunities to explore, clarify and if necessary, challenge, own and others' values, attitudes, beliefs and	School aims - skills, attitudes and knowledge that we would like all children to develop on their journey through the schoolAt SSPP, our whole vision threads through everything we do to ensure that every child has the opportunity to 'let their light shine'. We want all our children to be given the tools to become successful and well-rounded citizens, now and in their future.Our 'Learning for Life' curriculum is an umbrella term that incorporates PSHE, RSE, British Values and SMSC. Our curriculum ensures that children and young people leaving Primary school are equipped with the knowledge, understanding, skills and confidence to cope with the many pressures and challenges of modern society. Learning about friendships and family are the building blocks to help children to understand themselves and others. As part of our RSE strand, children are prepared for the physical and emotional changes they undergo at puberty, as well as teaching them about safety and being safe. Education for the connected world will ensure children understand they have the right to enjoy childhood online, to access safe online spaces, and to benefit from all the opportunities that a connected world can bring to them, appropriate to their age and stage. RSE should equip children and young people with the information, skills and positive values to have safe, fulfilling relationships. We want our children to have high aspirations, a belief in themselves and realise that anything is possible if they put their mind to it. In an ever-changing world, it is important that they are aware, to an appropriate level, of different factors which will affect their
St Peter	responsibilities • Develop the skills, language and strategies needed in order to live healthy, safe, fulfilling, responsible and balanced lives.	world and that they learn how to deal with these so that they have high self-esteem and good mental health and well-being. At our school, we promote British values by appreciating the diversity of backgrounds of all pupils, families and wider school community. The fundamental aspects of British values; Democracy, Rules of Law; mutual respect and tolerance for other faiths and individual liberty have been embedded into our 'Learning for life' curriculum.

 Links to learning in EYFS Children play co-operatively, taking turns with others. They take account of one another's ideas about how to organise their activity. They show sensitivity to others' needs and feelings and form positive relationships with adults and other children. Children are confident to try new activities and say why they like some activities more than others. They are confident to speak in a familiar group, will talk about their ideas. Children talk about how they and others show feelings, talk about their own and others' behaviour, and its consequences, and know that some behaviour is unacceptable. They work as part of a group or class and understand and follow the rules. They adjust their behaviour to different situations. 		 Experiences every child should have: Have opportunities to develop their skills and knowledge in safe, real-life contexts (Crucial Crew). Take on positions of responsibility and leadership within school (School Council, Shield,). Participate in democracy, through annual School Council elections in Years 1-6 (with speeches, voting papers, a secret ballot and all votes counted.) Meet local leaders in a range of fields (councillors, faith leaders, business people etc.) and learn about their role and the skills they need to be successful. Participate in fundraising and other charity events (Mini Vinnies) Have regular opportunities to discuss personal views, ideas and beliefs in an open, trusting environment. 			
Module 1	KS1 Year 1/Year 2 Progression of Knowledge and Skills Module 1				
Unit/Topic	Learning Objectives	Progress Markers	Vocabulary		
Me, My Body, My Health	 Children will learn: That we are unique, with individual gifts, talents and skills That our bodies are good The names of the parts of our bodies (naming genitalia willdepend on Key Decision #1 made by individual schools) That girls and boys have been created by God to be both similar and different and together make up the richness of thehuman family That our bodies are good and we need to look after them About what constitutes a healthy lifestyle, including physical 	 All children will know that we are unique; that their bodies, created by God, are good; and that they need to take good care of their bodies. Most children will understand that part of being unique means we each have individual gifts, talentsand skills; will be able to name taught body parts and describe how they can be used; and will be able to articulate various ways of keeping healthy and maintaining personal hygiene. 	unique special similarities differences individual gifts talents skills similarities differences gender stereotypes equal value worth favourite interests' personality physical appearance shoulders legs arms ears head genitalia scientific penis testicles vulva vagina urethra private care special good super balanced diet clean wash brush sleep teeth hair body hygiene healthy		

	 activity, dental health and healthy eating The importance of sleep, rest and recreation for our health How to maintain personal hygiene 	• Some children will be able to articulate what makes themselves and others unique in terms of their individual gifts, talents and skills as well as their physicality; will demonstrate foreknowledge of body parts and confidently offer opinions around gender stereotypes; and will be able to confidently reflect on aspects of their own lifestyle that are healthy/could be healthier.
Emotional Well- being	 Children will learn: That it is natural for us to relate to and trust one another That we all have different 'tastes' (likes and dislikes), but alsosimilar needs (to be loved and respected, to be safe etc) About language to describe our feelings In a simple way, that feelings and actions are two different things, and that our good actions can 'form' our feelings andour character Simple strategies for managing feelings and for good behaviour That choices have consequences; that when we make mistakeswe are called to receive forgiveness and to forgive others when they do That Jesus died on the cross so that we would be forgiven 	 All children will have a basic understanding of theirown feelings, likes and dislikes; will understand thatfeelings and actions are two different things; and will understand that choices have consequences. Most children will show respect for the likes/dislikes of others, and understand that peoplemight experience feelings differently; will understand what it means to have choice over theiractions, in spite of their feelings; and will be able todescribe some simple strategies for managing feelings and maintaining good behaviour, including a basic understanding of the concept of forgiveness. Some children will demonstrate high emotional awareness through confident discussion of feelings,likes, dislikes and the needs of themselves and others; will demonstrate a nuanced understanding of the range of intensity with which feelings can be experienced and share personal examples of times when they have chosen to act differently to how they felt; will demonstrate empathy when discussing the feelings/actions of others and have adeeper level of understanding about how we can forgive others because God forgives us.

Life Cycles	 Children will learn: That there are natural life stages from birth to death, and whatthese are - typically naming baby, child, teenager, adult, old age adult 	 All children will understand that there are different stages of life and what these are. Most children will understand that these life stages from birth to death are part of God's plan for us, and be able to describe what different life stages are like. Some children will be able to confidently reflectback on their own journey of growth and look forward to future changes. 	different similar special growing changing God's plan God's love baby child teenager adult elderly person beginning ending middle birth lifetime death heaven God's love baby child teenager adult elderly person natural life cycle grief loss sad grumpy angry confused hard to concentrate lonely shocked puzzled messy hope
Module 2 Personal Relationships	 Children will learn: About 'special people' (their parents, carers, friends, parish priest) and what makes them 	All children will understand the concept of 'special people' and identify their own; will gaina basic	family mum dad brother sister grandma grandad friend priest special loving listen safe responsible adult
	 special The importance of nuclear and wider family The importance of being close to and trusting special people and telling them if something is troubling them How their behaviour affects other people, and that there appropriate and inappropriate behaviour About the characteristics of positive and negative relationships About different types of teasing and that all bullying iswrong and unacceptable 	 understanding of what is appropriate and inappropriate behaviour; and will understand the importance of saying sorry andseeking forgiveness to mend friendships. Most children will understand that their 'special people' are special to them in different ways, and be able to identify who they would go to if something was troubling them; will be ableto 	behaviour appropriate inappropriate OK not OK nasty mean teasing bullying rude lies generous helpful honest unfair jealous welcoming selfish fun good listener fair trust steal hurt fault blame forgiveness argument responsible sorry feelings actions trust hurt mistakes sin

	 To recognise when they have been unkind and say sorry That when people are being unkind to them and others andhow to respond That when we are unkind to others, we hurt God also andshould say sorry to Him as well That we should forgive like Jesus forgives 	 describe and strive to practise the qualities of being a good friend; will understand that when weare unkind to others, we hurt God too and so should say sorry to Him; and be able to identify times when they have been unkind. Some children will demonstrate deep emotional understanding of their own and Super Susie's 'special people', and confidently articulate what makes each of them so special; will show a morenuanced understanding of good/bad relationships (friendships) and how this relates toteasing and bullying; and will demonstrate further self- awareness about their own treatment of others and how they should forgive like Jesus forgives us.
Keeping Safe	 Children will learn: That there are some safe and unsafe situations, including online The difference between 'good' and 'bad' secrets and that they can and should be open with 'special people' they trustif anything troubles them How to resist pressure when feeling unsafe That they are entitled to bodily privacy That there are different people we can trust for help, especially those closest to us who care for us, including ourparents or carers, teachers and our parish priest That medicines are drugs, but not all drugs are good for us That alcohol and tobacco are harmful substances That our bodies are created by God, so we should take careof them and be careful about what we consume About what is and isn't an emergency That in an emergency, they (or an adult) should call 999 andask for ambulance, police and/or fire brigade That if they require medical help but it is not an emergency, basic first aid should be used instead ofcalling 999 	 All children will understand that there are good secrets and bad secrets; that medicines are drugs, but not all drugs are good for us; understand what is and isn't an emergency; and will have a sense about what is and isn't a medical emergency, and how to call 999 for help. Most children will be able to describe and give examples of good/bad secrets, and understand that they should be open and honest with 'special people' if anything troubles them; will understand that alcohol and tobacco are harmfulsubstances that are illegal for children to access; will understand that in an emergency, they (or anadult) should call 999 and ask for ambulance, police and/or fire brigade; and will understand that First Aid. Aid can be used in many situations where an ambulance is not required, and demonstrate understanding of basic First Aid. First Aid. Good secret bad secret surprise safe unsafe good secret bad secret surprise safe unsafe they should be open and honest with 'special people' if anything troubles them; will understand that alcohol and tobacco are harmfulsubstances that are illegal for children to access; will understand that First Aid can be used in many situations where an ambulance, police and/or fire brigade; and will understand that First Aid. Good secret bad secret surprise safe unsafe hord that is and isn't an emergency, they (or anadult) should call 999 and ask for ambulance, police officer fire brigade firefighter ambulance paramedic vaccine 999 injury sick pain struggling car crash help caution germs emergency police fire brigade

Some basic principles of First Aid	ambulance 999 injury sprains RICE (Re Compression, Ele	
	cuts	,

		• Some children will demonstrate deeper empathyand understanding of the feelings involved with good/bad secrets, and how to resist pressure when feeling unsafe; will show a nuanced understanding that, because our bodies are created by God, we should take care of them andbe careful about what we consume; will demonstrate confidence, emotional maturity and strong communication skills when role playing 999 phone calls; and will confidently demonstrateknowledge of First Aid, and be curious about First Aid that can be used whilst waiting for an ambulance.	
Module 3			
Living in the Wider World	 Children will learn: That they belong to various communities such as home, school, parish, the wider local community, nation and globalcommunity 	 All children will understand that they belong todifferent communities. Most children will understand that their Most children will understand that their community consequence responsibilities nation global school paris receptionist teacher tea assistant caretaker clear headteacher priest altar server reader cho recycling litter respectif 	nal h home aching aner ir

	 That they should help at home with practical tasks suchas keeping their room tidy, helping in the kitchen etc That we have a duty of care for others and for the world welive in (charity work, recycling etc.) What harms and what improves the world in which we livein simple terms 	 actions/inactions can help/harm the communities they are part of. Some children will demonstrate a deeper understanding of their roles and responsibilities in different communities, and show a duty of carefor the world in which we live. 	
		.KS2 3/Year 4	
		nowledge and Skills	
Module 1			
Unit/Topic	Learning Objectives	Progress Markers	Vocabulary
Me, My Body, My Health	Children will learn that: • Similarities and differences between people arise as they grow	All children will understand that our similarities anddifferences should be celebrated; and will	similarities differences unique skills talents confident self- confidence changeable teamwork community beloved Child of God
	 and make choices, and that by living and working together ('teamwork') we create community Self-confidence arises from being loved by God (not status, etc) They need to respect and look after their bodies as a gift from God through what they wear, what they eat and what they physically do 	 understand some basic ways of taking care of their bodies. Most children will understand that we should find our self-confidence in God, who loves us and calls us His children; and will understand that our bodies are a gift from God and how to respect them in various ways through what we wear, eat and do. Some children will demonstrate a more nuanced understanding of why being different can feel difficult, and show resilience when considering how reasons for confidence might be changeable; will demonstrate a more nuanced understanding of the Holy Spirit and show prior knowledge of ways in which we can look after ourselves. 	mood swings periods blood

	If opting in to Key Decision #2 (Yr 4+) , children will learn: What the term 'puberty' means When they can expect puberty to take place That puberty is part of God's plan for our bodies Correct naming of genitalia What changes will happen to boys during puberty What changes will happen to girls during puberty 	 All children will understand what the term puberty means; and will understand what to expect during puberty. Most children will understand that puberty is part of God's plan for our bodies and when they can expect it to take place; will know what they can expect to happen; and will be able to correctly name genitalia. Some children will confidently identify key moments of change and growth in their lives so far, and demonstrate maturity and/or prior knowledge about puberty; will demonstrate particular maturity in dealing with these topics, and confidently show a deeper understanding about their own upcoming journey of puberty and God's role in it. 	
Emotional Well- being	 Children will learn: That emotions change as they grow up (including hormonal 	of feelings, but these are not always good	feelings emotions information experience reaction fear anger joy sadness boredom tiredness contentment uncomfortable masking emotional well-being action

 effects) To understand the range and intensity of their feelings more deeply; that 'feelings' alone are not good guides for action That feelings are neither good or bad, but information about what we are experiencing that help us consider how to act What emotional well-being means and that positive actions help emotional well-being That talking to trusted people helps emotional well-being (e.g. parents/carer/teacher/parish priest) That images in the media do not always reflect reality and can affect how people feel about themselves That some behaviour is wrong, unacceptable, unhealthy and risky That thankfulness builds resilience against feelings of envy, inadequacy and insecurity, and against pressure from peers and the media 	that resilience helps us to consider our feelings within a	media radio television newspapers magazines video games internet advertising influence social media truth reality stereotypes resilience self- confidence Facebook Snapchat TikTok Twitter Instagram OK un/acceptable un/healthy risky resilience thankfulness feelings actions In/appropriate peer pressure influence information choices wider context
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Life Cycles	 NON-STATUTORY - if opting in to Key Decision #3, children will learn: That they were handmade by God with the help of their parents How a baby grows and develops in its mother's womb including, scientifically, the uniqueness of the moment of conception How conception and life in the womb fits into the cycle of life 	 All children will learn that they were made by God with the help of their parents. Most children will understand how a baby grows and develops in its mother's womb and be able to name some of the stages of this. Some children will demonstrate a greater appreciation for the miracle that is conception and how this contributes to their own uniqueness. 	womb egg sperm Fallopian tube fertilized conception implantation embryo foetus umbilical cord birth
Module 2			

Personal Relationships	 Children will learn: Ways to maintain and develop good, positive, trusting relationships; strategies to use when relationships go wrong That there are different types of relationships including those between acquaintances, friends, family and relatives That good friendship is when both persons enjoy each other's company and also want what is truly best for the other The difference between a group of friends and a 'clique' To increase their awareness of bullying (including cyberbullying), that all bullying is wrong, and how to respond to bullying About harassment and exploitation in relationships, including physical and emotional abuse and how to respond 	 All children will learn that there are different types of relationships, including family, friends and others; and will develop a greater awareness of bullying (physical and emotional), and understand that all bullying is wrong. Most children will be able to describe some qualities of friendship and strategies to use when relationships go wrong; and will understand the meaning of 'pressure' and 'resilience', and the importance of seeking support 	patience forgiveness respect loyalty fun sorry left out good bad feelings bullying physical
Keeping Safe	 Children will learn: That their increasing independence brings increased responsibility to keep themselves and others safe How to use technology safely That just as what we eat can make us healthy or make us ill, so what we watch, hear, say or do can be good or bad for us and others How to report and get help if they encounter inappropriate materials or messages How to use technology safely That bad language and bad behaviour are inappropriate That just as what we eat can make us healthy or make us ill, so 	 substances including drugs, alcohol and tobacco can have on the body; and that in emergency situations they should remain calm and call 999. Most children will demonstrate some prior knowledge around this topic and be able to identify and record facts throughout the session; and with prompting, demonstrate understanding of how First Aid knowledge can be applied in real-life situations. Some children will demonstrate a personal understanding and belief that because our bodies are created by God, we should take care 	safe people places rules boundaries physical abuse deliberate accident on purpose harm injury emotional abuse criticizing threatening shaming abuse of private parts vulva breasts penis testicles inappropriate touching viewing trusted adult support drugs legal medicine illegal recreational doctor pharmacy alcohol perception judgement responsibility moderation addiction smoking tobacco chemical Nicotine tar Carbon Monoxide Oxygen brain heart lungs teeth skin blood carcinogens cancer

Module 3	 what we watch, hear, say or do can be good or bad for u To judge well what kind of physical contact is accept unacceptable and how to respond That there are different people we can trust for help those closest to us who care for us, including our terp parish priest That medicines are drugs, but not all drugs are good That alcohol and tobacco are harmful substances That our bodies are created by God, so we should them and be careful about what we consume That in an emergency, it is important to remain calr That quick reactions in an emergency can save a li How to help in an emergency using their First Aid keepsile 	and finally, some children will demonstrate confident independent thinking. eachers and od for us take care of n fe	First Aid illness injury assistance emergency 999 doctor paramedic calm rest ice compression elevation collapse fire smoke drowning burn hero award courage strong brave difficulty trust		
Living in the Wider World	 Children will learn: That God wants His Church to love and care for oth Practical ways of loving and caring for others 	 All children will be able to recognise actions which make them feel loved or cared for. Most children will be able to devise practical ways of loving and caring for others. Some children will demonstrate a more nuanced understanding of how the way we feel loved and cared for can help us know how to love and care for others, and the role of God's plan for the Church as part of this. 	Church care love noticed respected included recognized appreciated secure not alone		
UKS2 Year 5/Year 6 Progression of Knowledge and Skills Module 1 Unit/Topic Learning Objectives Progress Markers Notes					

Me, My Body, My Health	 Children will learn about: How similarities and differences between people arise as they grow and mature, and that by living and working together ('teamwork') we create community How there are many different types of family set up How self-confidence arises from being loved by God (not status, etc) How human beings are different to other animals The unique growth and development of humans, and the changes that girls and boys will experience during puberty The need to respect their bodies as a gift from God to be 	•	All children will understand that we are all unique, with different family set-ups, gifts and talents; will know that the body changes which occur during puberty are necessary for a girl to become an adult woman; will know that the body changes which occur during puberty are necessary for a boy to become an adult man; and will know that the choices we make regarding sleep, exercise, personal hygiene and electronic entertainment can impact on our health. Most children will demonstrate some emotional intelligence when considering the 'Paradise Street' film, and begin to infer and articulate the feelings of the characters involved; will	similarities differences gifts talents unique loved child of God accept self-confidence value show off compare community faults weaknesses body hair growth spurt puberty breasts buds nipples hips widen waist narrows perspiration oily skin genitals vagina uterus menstruation development self-conscious embarrassed changing natural respect boundaries private body hair growth spurt puberty shoulders widen perspiration oily skin voice breaking genitals penis erections ejaculation semen urethra nocturnal emissions wet dreams hormones development self-conscious natural respect boundaries private
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	hygiene, avoiding the overuse of electronic entertainment, etc	experience during puberty; will understand and be able to recall some of the changes which boys experience during puberty; and will be able to	embarrassed self-conscious spots sleep exercise personal hygiene screen time gaming addictive protein shake balanced diet choice impact health sun exposure dental hygiene
Emotional Well- being	 peers or media A deeper understanding of the range and intensity of their feelings; that 'feelings' are not the only good guides for action That some behaviour is wrong, unacceptable, unhealthy or risky That emotions change as they grow up (including hormonal effects) That openness with trusted parents/carers/teachers when worried helps with healthy emotional well- being 	 always reflect reality; will understand that some behaviour is wrong, unacceptable, unhealthy or risky; and will understand that emotions change as they grow up. Most children will understand that the pressures we face, e.g. from the media, can affect how people feel about themselves; will understand how thoughts, feelings and actions relate to one another and that feelings are not good guides for action; and will be able to describe a variety of techniques to help them manage their thoughts, feelings and actions. Some children will understand the link between practising thankfulness and building resilience against pressure, and demonstrate prior experience of employing this practice themselves; will demonstrate deeper understanding of the range and intensity of their own feelings and the feelings of others, and be curious as to the causes of these: and will clearly understand the 	teasing banter bullying thankfulness gratitude resist pressure build resilience appropriate inappropriate behaviour actions feelings emotions thoughts manage reframe appropriate inappropriate behaviour actions feelings emotions thoughts manage reframe scared excited happy intense crush infatuation

	 NON-STATUTORY - if opting in to Key Decision #4, children will learn: The difference between harmful and harmless videos and images The impact that harmful videos and images can have on young minds Ways to combat and deal with viewing harmful videos and images 	 contribute to our sense of emotional well-being. All children will understand that there are harmless and harmful videos and images online. Most children will be able to discern whether content is good or bad, and know some of the impacts that harmful content can have on young minds. Some children will demonstrate with confidence how to avoid harmful content, and how to counter negative thoughts with truths about how God made us with love and wants us to respect ourselves and others. 	online good bad pornography appropriate inappropriate addictive emotional brain thinking brain harmless harmful truth love respect online safety
Life Cycles	 Children will learn: How a baby grows and develops in its mother's womb That pregnancy and childbirth are God's way of giving the gift of life: He creates new life, but entrusts parents with the job of making us. About the nature and role of menstruation in the fertility cycle, and that fertility is involved in the start of life Some practical ways to manage the onset of menstruation 	 All children will know that a baby grows and develops in its mother's womb; and will understand that girls start having periods during puberty. Most children will be able to describe how a baby grows and develops in the womb, and demonstrate some wonder and curiosity about this; and will understand some facts about periods and the menstrual cycle, including period hygiene. Some children will, with gratitude and a sense of the profound, understand that pregnancy and childbirth are God's way of giving the gift of life: He creates new life, but entrusts parents with the job of making us; and will demonstrate understanding of the role of menstruation in the fertility cycle, and that fertility is involved in the start of life. 	pregnant parents baby conception sperm egg Fallopian Tube womb uterus implantation placenta umbilical cord embryo fetus vagina birth organ development belly button
	 NON STATUTORY - if opting in to Key Decision #5, children will learn: Basic scientific facts about sexual intercourse between a man and woman The physical, emotional, moral and spiritual implications of sexual intercourse The Christian viewpoint that sexual intercourse should be saved for marriage 	 All children will know basic facts about sexual intercourse between a man and a woman. Most children will understand something of the physical, emotional, moral and spiritual implications of sexual intercourse. Some children will understand the Christian viewpoint that sexual intercourse should be saved for marriage. 	marriage husband wife God commitment love sex sexual intercourse parents vagina penis sperm erection ejaculation egg conception Fallopian Tube womb uterus Implantation placenta umbilical cord embryo fetus

Module 2				
Personal Relationships	 Children will learn: That pressure comes in different forms, and what some of those different forms are That there are strategies that they can adopt to resist pressure What consent and bodily autonomy means About different scenarios in which it is right to say 'no' How thoughts and feelings impact actions, and develop strategies that will positively impact their actions and apply this in their relationships 	wu tł a Maa w fc S U u fc a a U U C O b o o	Most children will be able to describe some strategies they can adopt to resist pressure; will be able to discern situations in which it would be appropriate and right to say 'no'; and will understand how positive self-talk can impact our feelings, actions and relationships or the better.	time out critical perspective journal sense of humour
Keeping Safe	 Children will learn: That their increasing independence brings increased responsibility to keep themselves and others safe How to use technology safely That just as what we eat can make us healthy or make us ill, so what we watch, hear, say or do can be good or bad 	s e a tł	effect that a range of substances including drugs, tobacco and alcohol can have on the body; will understand that as they get older hey may come under pressure when it s to drugs, alcohol and tobacco; and will understand that,	people places rules un/safe respect bodily privacy bodily autonomy physical touch in/appropriate abuse neglect physical abuse emotional abuse sexual abuse secrets rights freedom protection law intervene discrimination violence health violation

 for us and others How to report and get help if they encounter inappropriate materials or messages What the term cyberbullying means and examples of it What cyberbullying feels like for the victim How to get help if they experience cyberbullying What kind of physical contact is acceptable or unacceptable and how to respond That there are different people we can trust for help especially those closest to us who care for us, including parents, teachers and priests About the effect that a range of substances including drugs, tobacco and alcohol can have on the body How to make good choices about substances that will have a positive impact on their health That our bodies are created by God, so we should take care of them and be careful about what we consume About how they may come under pressure when it comes to drugs, alcohol and tobacco That they are entitled to say "no" for all sorts of reasons, but not least in order to protect their God-given bodies That the recovery position can be used when a person is unconscious but breathing That DR ABC is a primary survey to find out how to treat life-threatening conditions in order of importance 	 Some children will demonstrate greater empathy throughout the activities and a deeper understanding that because God made us to love and be loved, we should respect one another's bodily privacy and autonomy; will understand that our bodies are created by God, and we can honour Him by taking care of them and being careful about what we consume; demonstrate understanding that they are entitled to say "no" for all sorts of reasons, but not least in order to protect their God-given bodies; and will confidently demonstrate the 	conscience uncomfortable worried anxious upset distressed moderation self-confidence resilience well-being respect
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Module 3			
Living in the Wider World	 How to apply the principles of Catholic Social Teaching to current issues About ways in which they can spread God's love in their community 	Most children will understand how Catholic Social Teaching	Catholic Social Teaching in/justice dignity family community participation rights responsibilities poor vulnerable workers solidarity care protect donate compassion