

KS1	Noticing how counting in multiples if 2, 5 and 10 relates to the number of groups you have counted (introducing times tables) links to division. An understanding of the more you share between, the less each person will get (e.g. would you prefer to share these grapes between 2 people or 3 people? Why?) Secure understanding of grouping means you count the number of groups you have made. Whereas sharing means you count the number of objects in each group.						
Year	3 4						
Layers of vocabulary Appendix 1a Beck's Tiers of Vocabulary Appendix 1b: Vocabulary book	Basic to subject specific (Beck's Tiers): share, share equally one each, two each, three each group in pairs, threes tens equal groups of ÷, divide, division, divided by, divided into left, left over, remainder, dividend, divisor Instructional vocabulary: calculate, work out, solve, investigate question, answer, check	Basic to subject specific (Beck's Tiers): share, share equally one each, two each, three each group in pairs, threes tens equal groups of ÷, divide, division, divided by, divided into left, left over, remainder, dividend, divisor Instructional vocabulary: calculate, work out, solve, investigate question, answer, check					
NC 2014	Write and calculate mathematical statements for multiplication and division using the multiplication tables that they know, including 2 digit numbers times 1 digit numbers progressing to formal written methods.	Practise to become fluent in the formal written method of short division with exact answers.					



Developing Conceptual/ Procedural Understanding	For example, use language of division linked to tables using counting stick Using known facts If $3 \times 2 = 6$ , then $30 \times 2 = 60$ , $60 \div 3 = 20$ and $30 = 60 \div 2$ . Partitioning strategy to halve Halve $68$ $0 \Rightarrow 2 = 0$ Halve $68$ Rearranging the dividend to find multiples of the divisor. $48 \div 3 = 0$ What do I know about the 3 x tables?'	Hace value materials to represent alculations hort division $2 \div 3 =$ $3 \boxed{2 \ 4}$ $2 \ 12 \boxed{2}$ 2 divided by 3. 7 tens shared equally etween 3 is 2 with a remainder of 1 ten. schange the 1 ten for 10 units. I now have 12 nits which shared equally between 3 is 4. The newer is 24." epresenting problems ndy says '1 can use my three times able to work out 180 ÷ 3'. Explain what ndy could do to work out this alculation.	Links to tables For example, use language of division linked to tables using counting stick Using known facts If 2 x 3 = 6 then 200 x 3 = 600 and 600 $\div$ 3 = 200 Rearranging the dividend to find multiples of the divisor. $69 \div 3 =$ 'What do I know about the 3 x tables?' "I know 3 x 10 = 30 and 3 x 3 = 9." $30 \ 30 \ 9$ $10 \ 10 \ 3$ $69 \div 3 = 23$ $2 \ 4 r 1$ $3 \ 7 \ 13$	Short divis $372 \div 6 =$ 6 372 372 divided between 6, 37 tens whic between 6, 37 tens which share <b>Represent</b> Alan says as '46 rem	=				
Known facts	Recall and use x and ÷ facts for the 3	3, 4 and 8 x tables	Recall x and ÷ facts for x tables up to 12 x 12.						
Essential knowledge	Review division facts (2 x, 5 x and 10 x tables)	Halve 2 digit numbers	Division facts (4x and 8x tables)		10x smaller				
	Division facts (4 x table)	Division facts (3 x table)	Division facts (3 x, 6 x and 12 x tables)		Halve larger numbers and decimals				
	Division facts (8 x table)	Division facts (6 x table)	Division facts (3 x and 9 x table	es)	Division facts (11 x and 7 x tables)				
Tests of divisibility	KS1: 2, 5, 10	Any number with a digit sum of a multiple of 3, will divide equally by 3	Any number with a digit sum of a multiple of 3, will divide equally by 3 KS1: 2, 5, 10		Any number with a digit sum of a multiple of 3 and is even will divide equally by 6				



Year	5	6
Layers of vocabulary	Basic to subject specific (Beck's Tiers): equal groups of divide, division, divided by, divided into remainder factor,	<b>Basic to subject specific (Beck's Tiers):</b> equal groups of divide, division, divided by, divided into remainder
Ear 3 baber gwelir vooldday Ear 2 Spoorpen The 1 Back words	quotient, divisible by inverse	factor, quotient, divisible by inverse, remainders as fractions or decimals
Appendix 1a Beck's Tiers of Vocabulary Appendix 1b: Vocabulary	Instructional vocabulary: calculate, work out, solve, investigate question, answer, check same, different missing number/s number facts, number pairs, number bonds greatest value, least value	Instructional vocabulary: calculate, work out, solve, investigate question, answer, check same, different missing number/s number facts, number pairs, number bonds greatest value, least value
book NC 2014	Divide numbers up to 4 digits by a 1 digit number using the formal written method of short division and interpret remainders appropriately for the context (as remainders, as fractions, as decimals or by rounding, e.g. $98 \div 4 = \frac{98}{4}$ = 24 r2 = 24 ½= 24.5 $\approx$ 25). Solve problems involving multiplication and division including using knowledge of factors and multiples, squares and cubes. Solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division and a combination of these, including understanding the meaning of the equals sign. Solve problems involving multiplication and division including by simple fractions and problems involving simple rates.	Divide numbers up to 4 digits by a 2 digit whole number using the formal written method of long division, and interpret remainders as whole number remainders, fractions, or by rounding, as appropriate to the context. Divide numbers up to 4 digits by a 2 digit number using the formal written method of short division where appropriate, interpreting remainders according to the context. Solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division.



Developing	Using known facts	Interpreting remain	nders	Using known facts					
Conceptual/	If $6 \div 2 = 3$ then $6000 \div 2 = 3000$	17 ÷ 5		If $6 \div 2 = 3$ then $6 \div 0.2 = 30$ and	36				
Procedural	and	"What do I know? 1	7 is not a multiple of 5. "	6 ÷ 0.02 = 300	5 9 2 2 4 2				
Understanding	6000 ÷ 20 = 300	$\sim$							
5		0 5 10 15 20	• 5 III Broots	Short division	With questions of this type where the				
	Place value materials to		3 😁	97.6 ÷ 5 =	divisor is close to a number linked to the				
	represent calculations			19.52	times tables, encourage the children to				
	o		$3 \frac{2}{5}$	5 9 47. 2610	use known facts and adjustment to set up				
	Short division 483 ÷ 7 =		3 2 = 3.4	"97.6 divided by 5. 9 tens shared equally	the partial tables.				
	463 ÷ 7 =		5	between 5 is 1 with a remainder of 4 tens. Exchange the ten for 10 units. I now have 47	Adjust ->				
	6 9 r1		From knowledge of	units which shared equally between 5 is 9 with	2 120 -2 118				
	6 9 r1 7 4 48 64		decimal/fraction	a remainder of 2 units. Exchange the 2 units	4 240 4 236 5 300 5 295				
	7 4 6 4		equivalents or by	for 20 tenths, we now have 26 tenths. 26	<b>5</b> 300 <b>-5</b> 295				
	"484 divided by 7. 4 hundreds cannot		2 4	shared equally between 5 equals 5 with a remainder of 1 tenth. Extend the dividend with	<b>8</b> 480 <b>-8</b> 472				
	be shared equally between 7, so		converting $\overline{5}$ into $\overline{10}$ .	a 0 in the hundredths column. Exchange the					
	exchange the hundreds for 40 tens. I now have 48 tens which shared			tenth for 10 hundredths. 10 shared equally	10 600 <mark>-10</mark> 590				
	equally between 7 is 6 with a	Examples:		between 5 equals 2. The answer is 19.52."					
	remainder of 6 tens. Exchange the 6				Representing problems				
	tens for 60 units, we now have 64	17 581 ÷ 7 =		Long division	Megan divides 500 by 8 and gets the				
	units. 64 shared equally between 7 equals 9 remainder 1. The answer is			(thinking not generally recorded)	answer 62r4. She re writes it as 62 r 1/2 .				
	69 r1."			<u>384 ÷ 16</u>	Is she right? Explain your answer.				
				<sup>1</sup> <sup>16</sup> "What do I know					
		$E91 \div 7$ could be as	loulated by the formal written method of	about the divisor?"	Lloinn featans ta simplifu lann division				
			Iculated by the formal written method of could be calculated by rearranging the	Record partial	Using factors to simplify long division				
			own facts, into 560 and 21.	<sup>8</sup> 128 tables.	25) 815				
		ulvidend, doing kite	win lacts, into 500 and 21.	10 160	20)010				
		Representing prob	lems	24					
			in the calculation below. Explain the	16 384 (38 tens ÷16 = 2 r6; 2 x 16 = 32) _32♥ (bring the 4 down)	165				
		error. 266 ÷ 5 = 73.	1	$\frac{-32}{64}$ (bring the 4 down) 64 (64 units ÷ 16 =4)	5)815				
		7 3 r	1	-64					
				0 (no remainder)	35				
		5 2 <sup>3</sup> 6 <sup>1</sup> 6		<b>0</b> (,	5)165				
					,				
					Simplify the fractions for remainders				
Karawa farata	Kanada and some the same had a	<b>.</b>		Literatife and an factor of a strain					
Known facts		· ·	rs, prime factors and composite	Identify common factors, common	multiples and prime numbers				
	(non-prime) numbers. Recall prime numbers		up to 19						
Essential	Division facts (4 x and	8 x tables)	100, 1000 times smaller	Division facts up to 12 x 12	Halve larger numbers and decimals				
knowledge		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Partition to divide mentally	Apply place value to derive	Partition to divide mentally				
omeage	· · · · · ·		i and don to avrace mentally						
	and 9 x table	S)		division facts, e.g. 12 ÷3 = 4 so	including decimals				
	Division facts (11 x and 7 x tables)		Halve larger numbers and	1.2 ÷3 = 0. 4					
			decimals						
Tests of	Tests for 2,3,5,6 &10		Any number with a digit sum of	Tests for 2,3,5,6, 9 & 10	Any number where the last two				
divisibility			a multiple of 9 will divide		digits are divisible by 4, will all				
anvisionity									
			equally by 9		divide by 4				

